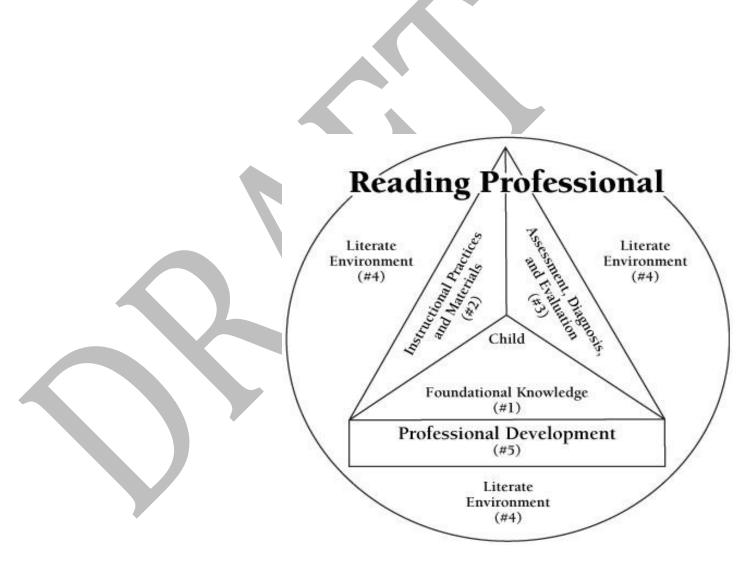


Overview of the College of Education Undergraduate Literacy Program The UNR reading program is based on the standards set by the International Reading Association. The focus areas for the development of reading professionals rely on five foundational areas.



## **Overview of Courses**

The undergraduate literacy program consists of four sequential courses for elementary education:

#### EDU 207 EXPLORATION OF CHILDREN'S LITERATURE

Lecture + Lab: 3+0 Credit(s): 3

Survey of children's literature genres. Censorship, historical background, children's interests, literature programs and book evaluations.

Prerequisite (s): ENG 102.

#### **EDES 300 LANGUAGE ARTS AND LITERATURE PK-3**

Lecture + Lab: 3+0 Credit(s): 3

Learning and instruction in reading, writing, oral language and literature for the PK-3 grades.

Prerequisite(s): EDU 207; admission to teacher education program or College of Education graduate student.

#### **EDRL 443/643 LITERACY INSTRUCTION II**

Lecture + Lab: 3+0 Credit(s): 3

Learning and instruction in reading, writing, oral language and literature for the 4-8 grades.

Prerequisite (s): EDES 300; admission to teacher education program.

### EDRL 461/661 DIAGNOSTIC ASSESSMENT AND INSTRUCTION LITERACY

Lecture + Lab: 2+3 Credit(s): 3

Apprentice teaching, emphasis on developmental instruction with children who have difficulty learning to read, small group instruction and applications in the classroom.

Prerequisite(s): EDRL 443.

The undergraduate literacy program also includes one course for secondary education, which is also required for elementary candidates seeking the Nevada State Reading Teacher Endorsement:

#### EDRL 451/651 READING AND WRITING IN THE SECONDARY SCHOOL

Lecture + Lab: 3 + 0 Credit(s): 3

In content fields; sources of difficulties; developmental instruction; techniques for promoting comprehension and vocabulary. Prerequisite(s): EPY 330A or EPY 330B.

# <u>Undergraduate Literacy Course Planning</u>

	IRA Chandanda	EDU 207	<b>EDES 300</b>	EDRL 443/643	EDRL 441/661	EDRL 451/651
	Standards	(Ch. Lit)	(Lit 1)	(Lit 2)	(Lit 3)	(Secondary)
Course Emphasis Area		Children's Literature (print and electronic) for children from birth through elementary school	Emergent/Early Literacy Birth-3	Upper Elementary Literacy Grades 4-8	Struggling Readers Clinic M/W (4-8 <sup>th</sup> ) T/TH (K- 3 <sup>rd</sup> )	Reading and Writing in the Secondary School
Literacy Content Knowledge	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Introduction to: Definition and history of children's literature Fiction genres of children's literature Visual elements of illustration Narrative elements Nonfiction genres of children's literature Evaluation of children's books Censorship issues	Introduction to: Learning Theories (Mental Discipline- Behaviorism- Constructivism) Literacy Development Theories Social Learning Theories Information/Cognitive Processing (Tracey & Morrow,) Cultural linguistic diversity Phonemic awareness, word identification, phonics, vocabulary and background knowledge, fluency, comprehension, and emergent writing	Introduction to and Application of: Learning Theories Literacy research Language development Cultural linguistic diversity Reading Acquisition Background knowledge, vocabulary, fluency, comprehension, and process writing and genres  New Literacies/Multimodal Theory	Understanding and Application of: Learning Theories (Mental Discipline-Behaviorism- Constructivism) Literacy Development Theories Social Learning Theories Information/Cognitive Processing (Tracey & Morrow,) Phonemic awareness, word identification, phonics, vocabulary and background knowledge, fluency, comprehension, and writing New Literacies/Multimodal Theory	Understanding and Application of: Learning Theories Linguistic Foundations Cultural and Linguistic Diversity Vocabulary, background knowledge, comprehension strategies, motivation
Literacy Pedagogical Content Knowledge	1.4	Introduction to instructional methods for: Children's response to literature Establishing a classroom library	Introduction to instructional methods for: Phonemic Awareness Phonics Word Study Vocabulary Comprehension Writing	Introduction to and Application of instructional methods for Fluency Word Study Vocabulary Comprehension Writing	Application and adaptation of instructional methods for: Phonemic Awareness Phonics Word Study Fluency Vocabulary Comprehension Writing	Introduction and Applications of instructional methods for: Vocabulary Background knowledge, Comprehension Writing Motivation
Literacy Curricular Knowledge	2.3 4.2		Introduction to: Basal Program Leveled Text based instruction Literature	Introduction to: Basal Program Literature Expository Texts Text Structures	Understanding and Application of: Basal Program Leveled Text based instruction Literature Expository Texts	Understanding and Application of: Content Area Literacy Materials - textbooks, other expository texts, fiction texts, digital media

			Expository Texts Intervention Models	Strategies Technology-based practices & curricular materials	Intervention Models	
Required Assignments	2.1 3.2 3.4 4.2	Author and illustrator studies Nonfiction/multimodal text set Newbery book and response/blog Exploration of historical fiction	IRI/OS/RR/Miscue Analysis/Writing Analysis (practicum student)	IRI & QSI analysis Fluency (qualitative & quantitative (practicum student)	2 video analysis of tutee & self-reflection ARTIFACT Digital Story/Identity Text 2 Parent Conferences (open house & final conference)	Midterm examination Group presentation: Content area lesson with literacy scaffolds Content area unit plan with embedded literacy scaffolds
Required Culminating Assignment	4.3 4.4 5.1 5.3	Plot diagram literary analysis exam	Video analysis of teaching reading & writing (1 on video lesson & 1 on self during tutoring)  Whole class literacy 90 minute block plan	Video analysis of teaching reading & writing (1 on video lesson & 1 on self during tutoring)  Tradebook Interdisciplinary Project and Presentation Literature Circles Strategy Demonstration Lesson	Diagnostic Case Study Report (Parents)	
Reading Assignment Formats	3.4 5.2	Reading of multiple children's books throughout class	Reflective Journal/Reading Response		Reflective Reading Response within Lesson Plan reflection and analysis of tutee	Readings from content area literacy textbooks and practitioner peer-reviewed journals with weekly reading quizzes
Exit Exam	5.3	Essay	Multiple choice, true/false short Answer (Pre-post assessment)	Multiple choice, true/false short Answer (Pre-post assessment)	Multiple choice, true/false short Answer (Pre-post assessment)	Quizzes, Presentation, Project
Practicum	2.1 3.3 2.2 4.1 2.3 4.4 3.1 5.1		Supervised Classroom tutoring 5 One on one & 5 small group During class 30 minutes 1x week 10 sessions	Supervised Classroom tutoring One on one & small group During class 30-45 minutes 1x week 10 sessions	Clinic One on one tutoring 1 hour 2x week 20-22 sessions	In development: Partnership with secondary teachers in creating and applying materials for content area literacy support
Practicum structure	2.2 5.3 2.3 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 5.2		Small group & individual  1/4 Read Aloud 1/4 Guided Reading 1/4 Word Work (PA- Phonics) 1/4 Writing	Fluency Word Study Comprehension – strategies & assessment Writing (Genres)	Individual  1/4 Read Aloud-Think Aloud (Listening Comprehension-Vocabulary)  1/4 Guided Reading (Strategy prompting - Comprehension)  1/4 Word Work (PA Phonics-Word Study-Vocabulary)  1/4 Writing	

				(Multimodal/multi genre)	
Assessments	3.1	OS	IRI (Bader)	IRI (ARI)	Content-Area Based Vocabulary
	3.2	IRI (QRI)	QSI	Running Records + Retrospective	and Comprehension
	3.3	Running Records + Miscue	6+1 Traits of writing rubric	Miscue Analysis	Assessments
	4.3	Analysis	SOLOM	QSI	
		QSI		Writing Inventory + Standard	
		Writing Inventory		Rubrics	
Textbooks		Tompkins (K-8)	Tompkins (K-8)	IRI-ARI (Woods & Moe)	
		Pennington & Salas	Writing (Caukins)	Pennington & Salas	
		50 Strategies (Tompkins)	Pennington & Salas	50 Strategies (Tompkins)	
			50 Strategies (Tompkins)		

## **International Reading Association Professional Standards**

## **Standard 1: Foundational Knowledge**

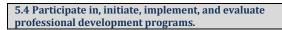
Candidates have knowledge of the foundations of reading and writing processes and instruction.				
ELEMENT	Classroom Teacher Candidates			
1.1 Demonstrate knowledge of psychological, sociological,	Know and apply elements from learning theory.			
and linguistic foundations of reading and writing processes				
and instruction.	Know foundational theories related to practices and materials they use in the classroom.			
1.2 Demonstrate knowledge of reading research and	Recognize historical antecedents to contemporary reading methods and materials. They articulate how their teaching practices			
histories of reading	relate to reading research.			
1.3 Demonstrate knowledge of language development and	Can articulate developmental aspects of oral language and its relationship to reading and writing. Can summarize the			
reading acquisition and the variations related to cultural	developmental progression of reading acquisition and the variations related to cultural and linguistic diversity.			
and linguistic diversity.				
	Can describe when students are meeting developmental bench marks.			
1.4.D				
1.4 Demonstrate knowledge of the major components of	List and define the major components of reading (phonemic awareness, word identification and phonics, vocabulary and			
reading (phonemic awareness, word identification and phonics, vocabulary and background knowledge, fluency,	background knowledge, fluency, comprehension strategies, and motivation).			
comprehension strategies, and motivation) and how they	Explain how the components (phonemic awareness, word identification and phonics, vocabulary and background knowledge,			
are integrated in fluent reading.	fluency, comprehension strategies, and motivation) are integrated during fluent reading. They can articulate the research that			
are meegraced in macine reading.	grounds their practice. They identify students' strengths and weaknesses in relation to the various components.			

## **Standard 2: Instructional Strategies & Curriculum Materials**

Candidates use a wide range of instructional practices, approaches, methods, and curriculum materials to support reading and writing instruction.

2.1 Use instructional grouping options (individual, small-	Use a variety or instructional grouping options.
group, whole-class, and computer based) as appropriate for	
accomplishing given purposes.	Match instructional grouping options to specific instructional purposes that take into account developmental, cultural, and
	linguistic differences among students. They model scaffold procedures so that students learn to work effectively. They provide
	an evidence-based rationale for their selections.
	un evidence based rationale for their selections.
2.2 use a wide range of instructional practices, approaches,	Plan and use a wide range of instructional practices, approaches, and methods, including technology-based practices.
and methods. Including technology-based practices, for	Trail and use a wide range of hist actional practices, approaches, and methods, including technology-based practices.
learners at differing stage of development and from	Selections are guided by an evidence-based rationale and accommodate the developmental, cultural, and linguistic differences of
differing cultural and linguistic backgrounds.	their students.
differing cultural and linguistic backgrounds.	their students.
2.3 Use a wide range of curriculum materials in effective	Plan and use a wide range of curriculum materials. Selections are guided by an evidence-based rationale and accommodate the
reading instruction for learners at different stages of	developmental, cultural, and linguistic difference of their students.
reading and writing development and from different	
cultural and linguistic backgrounds.	
	· ·
Candidates use a variety of ass	sessment tools and practices to plan and evaluate effective reading instruction.
3.1 Use a wide range of assessment tools and practices that	Select and administer appropriate formal and informal assessments including technology-based assessments. They understand
range from individual and group standardized tests to	the requirements for technical adequacy of assessments and can select technically adequate assessment tools. They can interpret
individual and group informal classroom assessment	the results of these tests and assessments.
strategies, including technology-based assessment tools.	the results of these tests and assessments.
strategies, incruding technology based assessment tools.	
3.2 Place students along a developmental continuum and	Compare, contrast, and analyze information and assessment results to place students along a developmental continuum.
identify students' proficiencies and difficulties	Recognize the variability in reading levels across children in the same grade and within a child across different subject areas.
identity students proficiencies and unficulties	Identify students' proficiencies and difficulties.
	Recognize the need to make referrals for appropriate services.
	Recognize the need to make rejerrals for appropriate services.
2.2 Her accessment information to also evaluate and	Analyze, compare, contrast, and use assessment results to plan, evaluate, and revise effective instruction for all students within
3.3 Use assessment information to plan, evaluate, and revise effective instruction that meets the needs of all	
	an assessment/evaluation/ instruction cycle.
students, including those at different developmental stages	
and those from difference cultural and linguistic	
backgrounds.	
	¥
3.4 communicate results of assessments to specific	Interpret a student's reading profile from assessments and communicate the results to the student, parents, caregivers,
individuals (students, parents, caregivers, colleagues,	colleagues, and administrators.
administrators, policymakers, policy officials, community,	
etc.).	V
Cr	and and A. Constitute a Literate Franciscomment
St	andard 4: Creating a Literate Environment

Candidates create a literate environment that fo	osters reading and writing by integrating foundational knowledge, use of instructional practices,		
	hods, curriculum materials, and the appropriate use of assessments.		
4.1 Use students' interests, reading abilities, and backgrounds as foundations for the reading and writing program.	Collect information about children's interests, reading abilities, and backgrounds.  Use the information when planning instruction.  Select materials and help students select materials that match their reading levels, interests, and cultural and linguistic backgrounds.  Use technology to gather and use this information in instructional planning.  Can articulate the research base that grounds their practice.		
4.2 use a large supply of books, technology-based information, and nonprint, materials representing multiple levels, broad interests, and cultural and linguistic backgrounds.	Assist students in selecting books, technology-based information, and nonprint materials that are appropriate for them. Select books, technology-based information, and nonprint materials representing multiple levels, broad interests, and cultural and linguistic backgrounds.  Can articulate the research that grounds their practice.		
4.3 Model reading and writing enthusiastically as valued lifelong activities.	Read aloud enthusiastically and fluently when reading to students.  Model and share the use of reading and writing for real purposes in daily like. They use think- alouds to demonstrate good reading and writing strategies.  Can articulate the research that supports modeling think-alouds and read-alouds to students.		
4.4 Motivate learners to be lifelong readers.	Support students' choices of reading materials.  Effectively plan and implement instruction that motivates readers intrinsically and extrinsically.  Aware of children's literature, interests, and reading levels of students in their class and can select appropriate text.  Assist children in discovering reading for personal purposes.  Provide evidence-based rationale for their practice.		
Candidates view n	Standard 5: Professional Development rofessional development as a career-long effort and responsibility.		
5.1 Display positive dispositions related to reading and the teaching of reading.	Know the importance of confidentiality, and respect students and their cultural and linguistic backgrounds.  Care for the well-being of students and believe that all students can learn.  Ensure that all individuals project ethical and caring attitudes in the classroom.  Work with families, colleagues, and communities to support students' learning.		
5.2 Continue to pursue the development of professional knowledge and dispositions.	Identify specific questions related to knowledge, skills and/or dispositions related to their teaching of reading and writing. Plan specific strategies for finding answers to those questions. Carry out those plans and articulate the answers derived. Indicate knowledge of and are members of some professional organizations related to reading and writing. Informed about important professional issues and are effective advocates with administrators, school boards, and local, state, and federal policymaking bodies.		
5.3 Work with colleagues to observe, evaluate, and provide feedback on each other's practice.	Actively engage in collaboration and dialogue with other teachers and reading specialists to obtain recommendations and advice on teaching practices and ideas.  They can articulate the evidence base related to these recommendations.  May conduct action research as a part of these collaborations.		



Participate individually and with colleagues in professional development experiences.

\*IRA Standards for Reading Professionals (rev. 2010)

